Code of Conduct Violations/Non-Academic Adverse Action

The University of Connecticut School of Medicine (UConn SOM) and all of its major affiliates have codes of conduct that apply to resident/fellow participation in program related duties wherein residents/fellows are expected to act in a professional, courteous, respectful, and confidential manner. The resident/fellow contract states that residents/fellows shall abide by all rules, regulations and bylaws of the program, clinical department, and institution in which he or she is assigned. Violating these rules may be cause for disciplinary action up to and including dismissal.

All Code of Conduct Violations have the potential to interfere with a resident’s/fellow’s performance and therefore may interfere with a resident’s/fellow’s ability to meet the expectations and requirements of a resident’s/fellow’s academic program and employment.

Program Directors, faculty, other residents/fellows, patients and any other individual who has contact with resident/fellow physicians can report suspected Code of Conduct violations. If there is an allegation of a Code of Conduct violation, both the program director and the DIO/designee will be notified. An allegation of a Code of Conduct violation will be investigated by the program director, the DIO/designee, and when appropriate the Office of Institutional Equity and/or the police. During the period of investigation, it may be necessary to remove a resident/fellow from active participation in the clinical and educational responsibilities of the program (see Administrative Leave without Prejudice policy). In the course of an investigation of an alleged Code of Conduct Violation, the Program Director will meet with the resident/fellow in order that the resident/fellow might provide perspective regarding the alleged violation. This meeting and/or attempt will be documented.

If a Resident/Fellow has been placed on administrative leave due to a reported or suspected Code of Conduct Violation, and the alleged Code of Conduct Violation is not substantiated, the resident/fellow will return to the program.

If the Program Director determines that a Code of Conduct violation is substantiated by a preponderance of the evidence, the Program Director will meet with the resident/fellow to inform him/her of the outcome of the investigation and give the resident/fellow an opportunity to respond. If subsequent to this meeting, the Program Director decides to proceed with a Letter of Misconduct, the options are a Letter of Misconduct or a Letter of Misconduct with Adverse Action.

Letter of Misconduct (LOM)

The GME designee must be contacted by the Program Director as soon as it is determined that a LOM may be required.

A Letter of Misconduct (LOM) is a formal written notification that states the nature of the Code of Conduct Violation and outlines the program’s expectations of what corrective action is necessary for the resident/fellow to successfully complete training. The Letter of Misconduct should be delivered to the resident/fellow in a manner which requires a signed and dated receipt of delivery to the resident/fellow within three (3) business days of the Program Director’s decision to issue a Letter of Misconduct.

☐ The resident/fellow file must include:
Residents/Fellows Policies and Procedures Manual

- Documentation of the meeting to discuss the Code of Conduct Violation and a corrective action plan.
- Documentation of outcome:
  - Successful corrective action or
  - Failure to meet expectations for corrective action

A Letter of Misconduct without Adverse Action will be removed from a resident/fellow file if the resident/fellow has satisfied the requirements of the corrective action plan and has successfully completed the training program.

**Letter of Misconduct with Adverse Action (LOMAA)**

A Letter of Misconduct with Adverse Action (LOMAA) is a formal written notification that states the nature of the Code of Conduct violation, the Adverse Action, and where applicable, what corrective action is necessary for the resident/fellow to successfully complete training. The Letter of Misconduct with Adverse Action should be delivered to the resident/fellow in a manner which requires a signed and dated receipt of delivery to the resident/fellow within three (3) business days of the Program Director’s decision to issue the letter.

Adverse Actions include:
- Delayed promotion of a resident/fellow with extension of appointment
- Non-renewal of contract/appointment
- Termination/dismissal

**Of note:**
- All Adverse Actions will be reflected on the Final Residency/Fellowship Training Summary Verification form. If the Adverse Action is delayed promotion or non-renewal, a resident/fellow may remain in the training program during the appeal process. If a resident/fellow remains in the training program during the appeal process, he/she will receive pay and benefits.
- If a resident/fellow is terminated, he/she will not receive pay, but benefits will continue throughout the appeal process.
- If the Adverse Action of termination is rescinded at any level of appeal, the resident/fellow will rejoin the training program. Pay will be reinstated and will be retroactive to the termination/dismissal date.
- Adverse Actions, not the Letter of Misconduct, are appealable.

The status of a resident/fellow with a LoDAA will be reflected on the Final Residency/Fellowship Training Summary Verification form.

A Letter of Misconduct with an Adverse Action may not be removed from a resident/fellow file.

**Appeal of Non-Academic Adverse Action**

A resident/fellow has the right to appeal an Adverse Action. At each level of appeal, the charge of the person or committee hearing the appeal is to determine if (1) appropriate process was followed and (2) if the decision to impose an adverse action was made on reasonable grounds. At each level of appeal, the person or committee hearing the appeal will either rescind or uphold the non-academic Adverse Action.
Resident/Fellow Policies and Procedures Manual

If an Adverse Action is upheld at any level of appeal, the resident/fellow must be informed about his/her right to appeal this decision to the next level of appeal.

If an Adverse Action is rescinded at any level of appeal, the Adverse Action will be removed from the Letter of Misconduct. The resident/fellow must still meet any requirements for corrective action outlined in the Letter of Misconduct unless excused by the Program Director. In this situation, because the Adverse Action is removed from the LOM, the LOM itself will be removed from the resident’s/fellow’s file upon successful completion of the training program. This status would therefore not be reflected on the Final Residency/Fellowship Training Summary Verification form.

If the Adverse Action is upheld upon appeal, the status of a resident/fellow with a LOMAA will be reflected on the Final Residency/Fellowship Training Summary Verification form.

Level 1: Appeal to the Clinical Competence Committee (CCC)

If a resident/fellow chooses to appeal, he/she must notify the Program Director in writing of his/her intent within seven (7) business days of receiving the Letter of Misconduct with Adverse Action. The Program Director must acknowledge receipt of the appeal in writing to the resident/fellow.

The CCC will convene to hear the appeal within ten (10) business days of receiving the appeal request. At this academic meeting, the resident/fellow will have the opportunity to state or provide reasons why he/she feels the Adverse Action should not be taken.

The CCC has to deliver its decision in writing to the resident/fellow within three (3) business days of reaching a decision. The resident/fellow must sign and date the written decision to acknowledge receipt of said document within two (2) business days and deliver the signed copy to the program director. If the resident/fellow fails to do so, it will be so noted in the file.

Level 2: Appeal to the Chair of the Department

If the CCC upholds the Adverse Action, the resident/fellow has the right to appeal the decision of the CCC and will be informed of his/her right to appeal. The appeal is to the Department Chair. If the Department Chair sits on the CCC, or if the Department Chair is the Program Director, the resident/fellow appeal is to the GME designee*.

The resident/fellow must notify the Department Chair or GME Designee of his/her request to appeal in writing within seven (7) business days of receiving the CCC’s written decision. The Department Chair must acknowledge receipt of the appeal in writing to the resident/fellow.

The resident/fellow and the Program Director must submit documents to be considered for the appeal to the Department Chair or the GME Designee within ten (10) business days of the appeal request. The Department Chair or GME Designee may seek input from additional sources (i.e.: the Program Director, other faculty, staff, etc.) as he/she deems appropriate. The Department Chair or the GME Designee will hold an academic meeting with the resident/fellow within fourteen (14) business days of receiving the documents. The resident/fellow will be given an opportunity to provide input at this meeting. The Department Chair or the GME Designee must deliver his/her decision in writing to the resident/fellow and the Program Director within three (3) business days of reaching a decision. The resident/fellow must sign and date the written decision to acknowledge
receipt of said document within two (2) business days and deliver the signed copy to the program and the GME Office. If the resident/fellow fails to do so, it will be so noted in the file.

* The GME designee will be a voting member of the GMEC. This individual cannot be faculty in the resident’s/fellow’s training program nor can they have any prior involvement with the resident’s/fellow’s situation that led to the LOMAA.

**Level 3: Appeal to the Senior Associate Dean for Education of the School of Medicine/designee**

The resident/fellow has the right to appeal the decision of the Department Chair or GME Designee. The appeal is to the Senior Associate Dean for Education. If the Senior Associate Dean for Education must recuse himself/herself from the appeal, the appeal will be to a designee. The Senior Associate Dean for Education or designee will convene an ad hoc committee to hear the appeal.

The resident/fellow must notify the Senior Associate Dean for Education of his/her request to appeal in writing within seven (7) business days of receiving the written decision of the Department Chair or GME Designee. The Senior Associate Dean for Education must acknowledge receipt of the appeal in writing to the resident/fellow.

The resident/fellow and parties from each level of appeal must submit documents to be considered for the appeal to the Senior Associate Dean for Education or designee for distribution to the Ad Hoc Committee within ten (10) business days from when the resident/fellow submits the request for an appeal. The Ad Hoc Committee will hold an academic meeting within fourteen (14) business days of receiving the documentation. The Ad Hoc Committee may seek input from additional sources as it deems appropriate. The Ad Hoc Committee may also decide to interview the resident/fellow, the Program Directors, clinical faculty, staff, etc. as the committee deems necessary to make a decision. The decision of the Ad Hoc committee will be made by simple majority vote. The Ad Hoc committee is advisory to the Senior Associate Dean for Education or designee.

The decision of the Senior Associate Dean for Education or designee is final.

The Senior Associate Dean for Education or designee must deliver the decision in writing to the resident/fellow and the Program Director within three (3) business days after a decision. The resident/fellow must sign and date the written decision to acknowledge receipt of said document within 2 business days and deliver the signed copy to the program and the GME Office.

The Dean of the School of Medicine will be notified of all final decisions regarding adverse actions.